through 160.176-19(b)(4) and 160.176-19(d) of this part.

- (3) To conduct servicing at a remote or mobile site, the servicing facility must be authorized in its letter of approval to conduct this type of servicing. Approval for servicing at these sites is obtained according to paragraph (c)(2) of this section except that portable or mobile equipment must be available when evaluating the compliance with §160.176–19(b)(3) of this part.
- (4) Each change to equipment, procedure, or qualification and training of personnel of an approved servicing facility must be also approved.
- (d) Waiver of tests. If a manufacturer requests that any test in this subpart be waived, one of the following must be provided to the Commandant as justification for the waiver:
- (1) Acceptable test results on a life-jacket of sufficiently similar design.
- (2) Engineering analysis showing that the test is not applicable to the particular design or that by design or construction the lifejacket can not fail the test.
- (e) Alternative requirements. A life-jacket that does not meet requirements in this subpart may still be approved if the device—
- (1) Meets other requirements prescribed by the Commandant in place of or in addition to requirements in this subpart; and
- (2) Provides at least the same degree of safety provided by other lifejackets that do comply with this subpart.

[CGD 78-1746, 54 FR 50320, Dec. 5, 1989, as amended by CGD 78-174b, 56 FR 29441, June 27, 1991]

## § 160.176-6 Procedure for approval of design or material revision.

- (a) Each change in design, material, or construction must be approved by the Commandant before being used in lifejacket production.
- (b) Determinations of equivalence of design, construction, and materials may only be made by the Commandant.

## § 160.176-7 Independent laboratories.

A list of independent laboratories which have been accepted by the Commandant for conducting or supervising the following tests and inspections required by this subpart, may be obtained from the Commandant:

- (a) Approval tests.
- (b) Production tests and inspections.
- (c) Inspection of approved servicing facilities.
- (d) Testing of materials for the purpose of making the certification required by §160.176-8(a)(3) of this part.

## § 160.176-8 Materials.

- (a) General—(1) Acceptance, certification, and quality. All components used in the construction of lifejackets must meet the requirements of subpart 164.019 of this chapter.
- (2) Condition of materials. All materials must be new.
- (3) Temperature range. Unless otherwise specified in standards incorporated by reference in this section, all materials must be usable in all weather conditions throughout a temperature range of -30 °C to +65 °C (-22 °F to +150 °F).
- (4) Weathering resistance. Each non-metallic component which is not suitably covered to shield against ultraviolet exposure must retain at least 40% of its strength after being subjected to 300 hours of sunshine carbon arc weathering as specified by Method 5804.1 of Federal Test Method Standard Number 191A.
- (5) Fungus resistance. Each non-metallic component must retain at least 90% of its strength after being subjected to the mildew resistance test specified by Method 5762 of Federal Test Method Standard No. 191A when untreated cotton is used as the control specimen. Also, the gas transmission rate of inflation chamber materials must not be increased by more than 10% after being subjected to this test. Materials that are covered when used in the lifejacket may be tested with the covering material.
- (6) Corrosion resistance. Each metal component must—
- (i) Be galvanically compatible with each other metal part in contact with it; and
- (ii) Unless it is expendable (such as an inflation medium cartridge), be 410 stainless steel, have salt water and salt air corrosion characteristics equal or superior to 410 stainless steel, or perform its intended function and have no